



(19)

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11)

EP 0 874 045 A1

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

published in accordance with Art. 158(3) EPC

(43) Date of publication:
28.10.1998 Bulletin 1998/44

(51) Int. Cl.⁶: **C12N 15/00, C12P 21/00**

(21) Application number: 97935810.8

(86) International application number:
PCT/JP97/02859

(22) Date of filing: 19.08.1997

(87) International publication number:
WO 98/07840 (26.02.1998 Gazette 1998/08)

(84) Designated Contracting States:
AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB IE IT LI LU NL SE

(72) Inventors:
• NAKAGAWA, Nobuaki,
Nishiura Heights 2-4
Shimotsuga-gun, Tochigi 329-05 (JP)
• YASUDA, Hisataka
Kawachi-gun, Tochigi 329-04 (JP)
• MORINAGA, Tomonori
Shimotsuga-gun, Tochigi 321-02 (JP)

(30) Priority: 19.08.1996 JP 235928/96

(74) Representative:
Wakerley, Helen Rachael
Reddie & Grose,
16 Theobalds Road
London WC1X 8PL (GB)

(83) Declaration under Rule 28(4) EPC (expert
solution)

(71) Applicant:
SNOW BRAND MILK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.
Sapporo-shi, Hokkaido 065 (JP)

(54) NOVEL DNAs AND PROCESS FOR PRODUCING PROTEINS BY USING THE SAME

(57) DNAs having the nucleotide sequences of the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table and a process for producing a protein which comprises inserting these DNAs into expression vectors to thereby produce a protein having molecular weights of about 60 kD (under reductive conditions) and about 60 kD and 120 kD (under non-reductive conditions) and being capable of inhibiting formation of osteoclast. These proteins are useful in the treatment of osteoporosis and rheumatism.

EP 0 874 045 A1

Description**FIELD OF TECHNOLOGY**

5 The present invention relates to a novel DNA and a process for preparing a protein which possesses an activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation (hereinafter called osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity) by a genetic engineering technique using the DNA. More particularly, the present invention relates to a genomic DNA encoding a protein OCIF which possesses an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing said protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

10 **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Human bones are constantly repeating a process of resorption and formation. Osteoblasts controlling formation of bones and osteoclasts controlling resorption of bones take major roles in this process. Osteoporosis is a typical disease 15 caused by abnormal metabolism of bones. This disease is caused when bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts. Although the mechanism of this disease is still to be elucidated completely, the disease causes the bones to ache, makes the bones fragile, and may result in fracturing of the bones. As the population of the aged increases, this disease results in an increase in bedridden aged people which becomes a social problem. Urgent 20 development of a therapeutic agent for this disease is strongly desired. Disease due to a decrease in bone mass is expected to be treated by controlling bone resorption, accelerating bone formation, or improving balance between bone resorption and formation.

Osteogenesis is expected to increase by accelerating proliferation, differentiation, or activation of the cells controlling bone formation, or by controlling proliferation, differentiation, or activation of the cells involved in bone resorption. In recent years, strong interest has been directed to physiologically active proteins (cytokines) exhibiting such activities 25 as described above, and energetic research is ongoing on this subject. The cytokines which have been reported to accelerate proliferation or differentiation of osteoblasts include the proteins of fibroblast growth factor family (FGF: Rodan S. B. et al., Endocrinology vol. 121, p 1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor I (IGF-I: Hock J. M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p 254, 1988), insulin growth factor II (IGF-II: McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol. 124, p 301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol. Cell. Biol., vol. 11, p 250, 1991), transforming growth factor- β , (Noda M., The Bone, 30 vol. 2, p 29, 1988), Vasculotropin (Varonique M. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., vol. 199, p 380, 1994), and the protein of heterotopic bone formation factor family (bone morphogenic protein; BMP: BMP-2; Yanaguchi A. et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p 682, 1991, OP-1; Sampath T. K. et al., J. Biol. Chem. vol. 267, p 20532, 1992, and Knutson R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 194, p 1352, 1993).

On the other hand, as the cytokines which suppress differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, transforming growth factor- β (Chen C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 85, p 5683, 1988), interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p 179, 1993), and the like have been reported. Further, as the cytokines which suppress bone resorption by osteoclast, calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol. 17, p 347, 1992), macrophage colony stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al., J. Cell. Physiol. vol. 137, p 199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, p 1035, 1990), and interferon- γ (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol. 1, p 46.9, 1986) have been 40 reported.

These cytokines are expected to be used as agents for treating diseases accompanying bone loss by accelerating bone formation or suppressing of bone resorption. Clinical tests are being undertaken to verify the effect of improving bone metabolism of some cytokines such as insulin-like growth factor-I and the heterotopic bone formation factor family. In addition, calcitonin is already commercially available as a therapeutic agent for osteoporosis and a pain relief agent. 45 At present, drugs for clinically treating bone diseases or shortening the period of treatment of bone diseases include activated vitamin D₃, calcitonin and its derivatives, and hormone preparations such as estradiol agent, ipriflavon or calcium preparations. These agents are not necessarily satisfactory in terms of the efficacy and therapeutic results. Development of a novel therapeutic agent which can be used in place of these agents is strongly desired.

In view of this situation, the present inventors have undertaken extensive studies. As a result, the present inventors 50 had found protein OCIF exhibiting an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity in a culture broth of human embryonic lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC Deposition No. CCL186), and filed a patent application (PCT/JP96/00374). The present inventors have conducted further studies relating to the origin of this protein OCIF exhibiting the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity. The studies have matured into determination of the sequence of a genomic DNA encoding the human origin OCIF. Accordingly, an object of the present invention is to provide a genomic DNA encoding protein OCIF exhibiting 55 osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

Specifically, the present invention relates to a genomic DNA encoding protein OCIF exhibiting osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA.

5 The DNA of the present invention includes the nucleotide sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table attached hereto.

Moreover, the present invention relates to a process for preparing a protein, comprising inserting a DNA including the nucleotide sequences of the sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table into an expression vector, producing 10 a vector capable of expressing a protein having the following physicochemical characteristics and exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, and producing this protein by a genetic engineering technique,

(a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):

15 (i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,
(ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

(b) amino acid sequence:

includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 of the Sequence Table,

20 (c) affinity:

exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

(d) thermal stability:

25 (i) the osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,
(ii) the osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes.

The protein obtained by expressing the gene of the present invention exhibits an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory 30 activity. This protein is effective as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving decrease in the amount of bone such as osteoporosis, diseases relating to bone metabolism abnormality such as rheumatism, degenerative joint disease, or multiple myeloma, and is useful as an antigen to establish an immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

35 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows a result of Western Blotting analysis of the protein obtained by causing genomic DNA of the present invention to express a protein in Example 4 (iii), wherein lane 1 indicates a marker, lane 2 indicates the culture broth of COS7 cells in which a vector pWESR α OCIF (Example 4 (iii)) has been transfected, and lane 3 is the culture broth of 40 COS7 cell in which a vector pWESR α (control) has been transfected.

BEST MODE FOR CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

The genomic DNA encoding the protein OCIF which exhibits osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity in the present 45 invention can be obtained by preparing a cosmid library using a human placenta genomic DNA and a cosmid vector and by screening this library using DNA fragments which are prepared based on the OCIF cDNA as a probe. The thus-obtained genomic DNA is inserted into a suitable expression vector to prepare an OCIF expression cosmid. A recombinant type OCIF can be obtained by transfecting the genomic DNA into a host organism such as various types of cells or microorganism strains and causing the DNA to express a protein by a conventional method. The resultant protein 50 exhibiting osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity (an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor) is useful as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving a decrease in bone mass such as osteoporosis and other diseases relating to bone metabolism abnormality and also as an antigen to prepare antibodies for establishing immunological diagnosis of such diseases. The protein of the present invention can be prepared as a drug composition for oral or non-oral administration. Specifically, the drug composition of the present invention containing the protein which is an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor as an active ingredient can be safely administered to humans and animals. As the form 55 of drug composition, a composition for injection, composition for intravenous drip, suppository, nasal agent, sublingual agent, percutaneous absorption agent, and the like are given. In the case of the composition for injection, such a composition is a mixture of a pharmacologically effective amount of osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor of the present

invention and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The composition may further comprise amino acids, saccharides, cellulose derivatives, and other excipients and/or activation agents, including other organic compounds and inorganic compounds which are commonly added to a composition for injection. When an injection preparation is prepared using the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory factor of the present invention and these excipients and activation agents, a pH adjuster, buffering agent, stabilizer, solubilizing agent, and the like may be added if necessary to prepare various types of injection agents.

The present invention will now be described in more detail by way of examples which are given for the purpose of illustration and not intended to be limiting of the present invention.

10 Example 1

(Preparation of a cosmid library)

15 A cosmid library was prepared using human placenta genomic DNA (Clonetech; Cat. No. 6550-2) and pWE15 cosmid vector (Stratagene). The experiment was carried out following principally the protocol attached to the pWE15 cosmid vector kit of Stratagene Company, provided Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1989)) was referred to for common procedures for handling DNA, E. coli, and phage.

20 (i) Preparation of restrictive enzymolysate of human-genomic DNA

25 Human placenta genomic DNA dissolved in 750 μ l of a solution containing 10 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM MgCl₂, and 100 mM NaCl was added to four 1.5 ml Eppendorf tubes (tube A, B, C, and D) in the amount of 100 μ g each. Restriction enzyme MboI was added to these tubes in the amounts of 0.2 unit for tube A, 0.4 unit for tube B, 0.6 unit for tube C, and 0.8 unit for tube D, and DNA was digested for 1 hour. Then, EDTA in the amount to make a 20 mM concentration was 30 added to each tube to terminate the reaction, followed by extraction with phenol/chloroform (1:1). A two-fold amount of ethanol was added to the aqueous layer to precipitate DNA. DNA was collected by centrifugation, washed with 70% ethanol, and DNA in each tube was dissolved in 100 μ l of TE (10 mM HCl (pH 8.0) + 1 mM EDTA buffer solution, hereinafter called TE). DNA in four tubes was combined in one tube and incubated for 10 minutes at 68°C. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was overlayed onto a 10%-40% linear sucrose gradient which was prepared in a buffer containing 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 5 mM EDTA, and 1 mM NaCl in a centrifugal tube (38 ml). The tube was centrifuged at 26,000 rpm for 24 hours at 20°C using a rotor SRP28SA manufactured by Hitachi, Ltd. and 0.4 ml fractions of the sucrose gradient was collected using a fraction collector. A portion of each fraction was subjected to 0.4% agarose electrophoresis to confirm the size of DNA. Fractions containing DNA with a length of 30 kb (kilo base pair) to 40 kb were thus combined. The DNA solution was diluted with TE to make a sucrose concentration to 10% or less and 2.5-fold volumes of ethanol was added to precipitate DNA. DNA was dissolved in TE and stored at 4°C.

35 (ii) Preparation of cosmid vector

40 The pWE15 cosmid vector obtained from Stratagene Company was completely digested with restriction enzyme BamHI according to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit. DNA collected by ethanol precipitation was dissolved in TE to a concentration of 1 mg/ml. Phosphoric acid at the 5'-end of this DNA was removed using calf small intestine alkaline phosphatase, and DNA was collected by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The DNA was dissolved in TE to a concentration of 1 mg/ml.

45 (iii) Ligation of genomic DNA to vector and in vitro packaging

50 1.5 micrograms of genomic DNA fractionated according to size and 3 μ g of pWE15 cosmid vector which was digested with restriction enzyme BamHI were ligated in 20 μ l of a reaction solution using Ready-To-Go T4DNA ligase of Pharmacia Company. The ligated DNA was packaged in vitro using Gigapack™ II packaging extract (Stratagene) according to the protocol. After the packaging reaction, a portion of the reaction mixture was diluted stepwise with an SM buffer solution and mixed with E. coli XL1-Blue MR (Stratagene) which was suspended in 10 mM MgCl₂ to cause phage to infect, and plated onto LB agar plates containing 50 μ g/ml of ampicillin. The number of colonies produced was counted. The number of colonies per 1 μ l of packaging reaction was calculated based on this result.

55 (iv) Preparation of a cosmid library

The packaging reaction solution thus prepared was mixed with E. coli XL1-Blue MR and the mixture was plated onto agarose plates containing ampicillin so as to produce 50,000 colonies per agarose plate having a 15 cm of diam-

5 eter. After incubating the plate overnight at 37°C, an LB culture medium was added in the amount of 3 ml per plate to suspend and collect colonies of *E. coli*. Each agarose plate was again washed with 3 ml of the LB culture medium and the washing was combined with the original suspension of *E. coli*. The *E. coli* collected from all agarose plates was placed in a centrifugal tube, glycerol was added to a concentration of 20%, and ampicillin was further added to make a final concentration of 50 µg/ml. A portion of the *E. coli* suspension was removed and the remainder was stored at -80°C. The removed *E. coli* was diluted stepwise and plated onto an agar plates to count the number of colonies per 1 ml of suspension.

10 Example 2

(Screening of cosmid library and purification of colony)

15 A nitrocellulose filter (Millipore) with a diameter of 14.2 cm was placed on each LB agarose plate with a diameter of 15 cm which contained 50 µg/ml of ampicillin. The cosmid library was plated onto the plates so as to produce 50,000 colonies of *E. coli* per plate, followed by incubation overnight at 37°C. *E. coli* on the nitrocellulose filter was transferred to another nitrocellulose filter according to a conventional method to obtain two replica filters. According to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit, cosmid DNA in the *E. coli* on the replica filters was denatured with an alkali, neutralized, and immobilized on the nitrocellulose filter using a Stratalinker (Stratagene). The filters were heated for two hours at 80°C in a vacuum oven. The nitrocellulose filters thus obtained were hybridized using two kinds of DNA produced, respectively, from 5'-end and 3'-end of human OCIF cDNA as probes. Namely, a plasmid was purified from *E. coli* pKB/OIF10 (deposited at The Ministry of International Trade and Industry, the Agency of Industrial Science and Technology, Biotechnology Laboratory, Deposition No. FERM BP-5267) containing OCIF cDNA. The plasmid containing OCIF cDNA was digested with restriction enzymes KpnI and EcoRI. Fragments thus obtained was separated using agarose gel electrophoresis. KpnI/EcoRI fragment with a length of 0.2 kb was purified using a QIAEX II gel extraction 20 kit (Qiagen). This DNA was labeled with ³²P using the Megaprime DNA Labeling System (Amasham) (5'-DNA probe). Apart from this, a BamHI/EcoRV fragment with a length of 0.2 kb which was produced from the above plasmid by digestion with restriction enzymes BamHI and EcoRV was purified and labeled with ³²P (3'-DNA probe). One of the replica filters described above was hybridized with the 5'-DNA probe and the other with the 3'-DNA probe. Hybridization and washing of the filters were carried out according to the protocol attached to the cosmid vector kit. Autoradiography 25 detected several positive signals with each probe. One colony which gave positive signals with both probe was identified. The colony on the agar plate, which corresponding to the signal on the autoradiogram was isolated and purified. A cosmid was prepared from the purified colony by a conventional method. This cosmid was named pWEOCIF. The size of human genomic DNA contained in this cosmid was about 38 kb.

30 Example 3

(Determination of the nucleotide sequence of human OCIF genomic DNA)

35 (i) Subcloning of OCIF genomic DNA

40 Cosmid pWEOCIF was digested with restriction enzyme EcoRI. After the separation of the DNA fragments thus produced by electrophoresis using a 0.7% agarose gel, the DNA fragments were transferred to a nylon membrane (Hybond -N, Amasham) by the Southern blot technique and immobilized on the nylon membrane using Stratalinker (Stratagene). On the other hand, plasmid pBKOCIF was digested with restriction enzyme EcoRI and a 1.6 kb fragment 45 containing human OCIF cDNA was isolated by agarose gel electrophoresis. The fragment was labeled with ³²P using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amasham).

45 Hybridization of the nylon membranes described above with the ³²P-labeled 1.6-kb OCIF cDNA was performed according to a conventional method detected that DNA fragments with a size of 6 kb, 4 kb, 3.6 kb, and 2.6 kb. These fragments hybridized with the human OCIF cDNA were isolated using agarose gel electrophoresis and individually sub-cloned into an EcoRI site of pBluescript II SK + vector (Stratagene) by a conventional method. The resulting plasmids 50 were respectively named pBSE 6, pBSE 4, pBSE 3.6, and PBSE 2.6.

(ii) Determination of the nucleotide sequence

55 The nucleotide sequence of human OCIF genomic DNA which was subcloned into the plasmid was determined using the ABI Dideoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction kit (Perkin Elmer) and the 373 Sequencing System (Applied Biosystems). The primer used for the determination of the nucleotide sequence was synthesized based on the nucleotide sequence of human OCIF cDNA (Sequence ID No. 4 in the Sequence Table). The nucleotide

sequences thus determined are given as the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table. The Sequence ID No. 1 includes the first exon of the OCIF gene and the Sequence ID No. 2 includes the second, third, fourth, and fifth exons. A stretch of about 17 kb is present between the first and second exons.

5 Example 4

(Production of recombinant OCIF using COS-7 cells)

(i) Preparation of OCIF genomic DNA expression cosmid

10 To express OCIF genomic DNA in animal cells, an expression unit of expression plasmid pcDL-SR α 296 (Molecular and Cellar Biology, vol. 8, P466-472, 1988) was inserted into cosmid vector pWE15 (Stratagene). First of all, the expression plasmid pcDL-SR α 296 was digested with a restriction enzyme Sal I to cut out expression unit with a length of about 1.7 kb which includes an SR α promotor, SV40 later splice signal, poly (A) addition signal, and so on. The digestion products were separated by agarose electrophoresis and the 1.7-kb fragment was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). On the other hand, cosmid vector pWE15 was digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and fragments were separated using agarose gel electrophoresis. pWE15 DNA of 8.2 kb long was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). The ends of these two DNA fragments were blunted using a DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo), ligated using a DNA ligation kit (Takara Shuzo), and transferred into E. coli DH5 α (Gibco BRL). The resultant transformant was grown and the expression cosmid pWESR α containing an expression unit was purified using a Qiagen column (Qiagen).

15 The cosmid pWE OCIF containing the OCIF genomic DNA with a length of about 38 kb obtained in (i) above was digested with a restriction enzyme NotI to cut out the OCIF genomic DNA of about 38 kb. After separation by agarose gel electrophoresis, the DNA was purified using the QIAEX II gel extraction kit (Qiagen). On the other hand, the expression cosmid pWESR α was digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and the digestion product was extracted with phenol and chloroform, ethanol-precipitated, and dissolved in TE.

20 pWESR α digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI and an EcoRI-XmnI-NotI adapter (#1105, #1156 New England Biolaboratory Co.) were ligated using T4 DNA ligase (Takara Shuzo Co., Ltd.). After removal of the free adapter by agarose gel electrophoresis, the product was purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (Qiagen). The OCIF genomic DNA with a length of about 37 kb which was derived from the digestion with restriction enzyme NotI and the pWESR α to which the adapter was attached were ligated using T4 DNA ligase (Takara Shuzo). The DNA was packaged in vitro using the Gigapack packaging extract (Stratagene) and infected with E. coli XL1-Blue MR (Stratagene). The resultant transformant was grown and the expression cosmid pWESR α OCIF which contained OCIF genomic DNA was inserted was purified using a Qiagen column (Qiagen). The OCIF expression cosmid pWESR α OCIF was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in sterile distilled water and used in the following analysis.

(ii) Transient expression of OCIF genomic DNA and measurement of OCIF activity

25 A recombinant OCIF was expressed as described below using the OCIF expression cosmid pWESR α OCIF obtained in (i) above and its activity was measured. COS-7 (8×10^5 cells/well) cells (Riken Cell Bank, RCB0539) were planted in a 6-well plate using DMEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) containing 10% fetal bovine serum (Gibco BRL). On the following day, the culture medium was removed and cells were washed with serum-free DMEM culture medium. The OCIF expression cosmid pWESR α OCIF which had been diluted with OPTI-MEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) was mixed with Lipopectamine and the mixture was added to the cells in each well according to the attached protocol. The expression cosmid pWESR α was added to the cells in the same manner as a control. The amount of the cosmid DNA and Lipopectamine was respectively 3 μ g and 12 μ l. After 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and 1.5 ml of fresh EX-CELL 301 culture medium (JRH Bioscience) was added to each well. The culture medium was recovered after 48 hours and used as a sample for the measurement of OCIF activity. The measurement of OCIF activity was carried out according to the method described by Kumegawa, M. et al. (Protein, Nucleic Acid, and Enzyme, Vo1. 34, p 999 (1989)) and the method of TAKAHASHI, N. et al. (Endocrinology vol. 122, p 1373 (1988)). The osteoclast formation in the presence of activated vitamin D₃ from bone marrow cells isolated from mice aged about 17 days was evaluated by the induction of tartaric acid resistant acidic phosphatase activity. The inhibition of the acid phosphatase was measured and used as the activity of the protein which possesses osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity (OCIF). Namely, 100 μ l/well of a OCIF sample which was diluted with α -MEM culture medium (Gibco BRL) containing 2×10^{-8} M activated vitamin D₃ and 10% fetal bovine serum was added to each well of a 96 well micro plate. Then, 3×10^5 bone marrow cells isolated from mice (about 17-days old) suspended in 100 μ l of α -MEM culture medium containing 10% fetal bovine serum were added to each well of the 96 well micro plate and cultured for a week at 37°C and 100% humidity under 5% CO₂ atmosphere. On days 3 and 5, 160 μ l of the conditioned medium was removed from each well, and 160 μ l of a sam-

ple which was diluted with α -MEM culture medium containing 1×10^{-8} M activated vitamin D₃ and 10% fetal bovine serum was added. After 7 days from the start of culturing, the cells were washed with a phosphate buffered saline and fixed with a ethanol/acetone (1:1) solution for one minute at room temperature. The osteoclast formation was detected by staining the cells using an acidic phosphatase activity measurement kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Cat.No. 387-A, Sigma Company). A decrease in the number of cells positive to acidic phosphatase activity in the presence of tartaric acid was taken as the OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 1, which indicates that the conditioned medium exhibits the similar activity to natural type OCIF obtained from the IMR-90 culture medium and recombinant OCIF produced by CHO cells.

10

TABLE 1

Activity of OCIF expressed by COS-7 cells in the conditioned medium						
Dilution	1/10	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320
OCIF genomic DNA introduced	++	++	++	++	+	-
Vector introduced	-	-	-	-	-	-
Untreated	-	-	-	-	-	-

"++" indicates an activity inhibiting 80% or more of osteoclast formation, "+" indicates an activity inhibiting 30-80% of osteoclast formation, and "-" indicates that no inhibition of osteoclast formation is observed.

15

20

(iii) Identification of the product by Western Blotting

25 A buffer solution (10 μ l) for SDS-PAGE (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, 20 μ g/ml bromophenol blue, pH 6.8) was added to 10 μ l of the sample for the measurement of OCIF activity prepared in (ii) above. After boiling for 3 minutes at 100°C, the mixture was subjected to 10% SDS polyacrylamide electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. The proteins were transferred from the gel to a PVDF membrane (ProBlott, Perkin Elmer) using semi-dry blotting apparatus (Biorad). The membrane was blocked and incubated for 2 hours at 37°C together with a horseradish peroxidase-labeled anti-OCIF antibody obtained by labeling the previously obtained OCIF protein with horseradish peroxidase according to a conventional method. After washing, the protein which has bound the anti-OCIF antibody was detected using the ECL system (Amasham). As shown in Figure 1, two bands, one with a molecular weight of about 120 kilo dalton and the other 60 kilo dalton, were detected in the supernatant obtained from the culture broth of COS-30 7 cells in which pWESR α OCIF was transfected. On the other hand, these two bands with a molecular weight of about 120 kilo dalton and 60 kilo dalton were not detected in the supernatant obtained from the culture broth of COS-7 cells in which pWESR α vector was transfected, confirming that the protein obtained was OCIF.

35

INDUSTRIAL APPLICABILITY

40 The present invention provides a genomic DNA encoding a protein OCIF which possesses an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and a process for preparing this protein by a genetic engineering technique using the genomic DNA. The protein obtained by expressing the gene of the present invention exhibits an osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity and is useful as an agent for the treatment and improvement of diseases involving a decrease in the amount of bone such as osteoporosis, other diseases resulting from bone metabolism abnormality such as rheumatism or degenerative 45 joint disease, and multiple myeloma. The protein is further useful as an antigen to establish antibodies useful for an immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

50

NOTE ON MICROORGANISM

55 Depositing Organization:

The Ministry of International Trade and Industry, National Institute of Bioscience and Human Technology, Agency of Industrial Science and Technology

Address:

1-3, Higashi-1-Chome, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken, Japan

Date of Deposition:

June 21, 1995 (originally deposited on June 21, 1995 and transferred to the international deposition according to the Budapest Treaty on October 25, 1995)

55

Accession No. FERM BP-5267

TABLE OF SEQUENCES

5

Sequence number: 1

Length of sequence: 1316

10

Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: double

15

Topology: linear

Molecular type: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-1)

20

Sequence:

CTGGAGACAT	ATAACTTGAA	CACTTGGCCC	TGATGGGAA	GCAGCTCTGC	AGGGACTTTT	60
TCAGCCATCT	GTAAACAATT	TCAGTGCCTAA	CCCGCGAACT	GTAATCCATG	AATGGGACCA	120
CACTTTACAA	GTCATCAAGT	CTAACTCTCA	GACCAGGGAA	TTAATCGGGG	AGACAGCGAA	180
CCCTAGAGCA	AAGTGCCTAA	CTTCTCTCGA	TAGCTTGAGG	CTACTCGAAA	GACCTCGAGG	240
AGGCTACTCC	AGAAAGTTCA	CGCGTAGGAA	GCTCCGATAC	CAATAGCCCT	TTCATGATGG	300
TGGGGTTGGT	GAAGGGAACA	GTGCTCCGCA	AGGTTATCCC	TGCCCCAGGC	AGTCCAATTT	360
TCACTCTGCA	GATTCTCTCT	GGCTCTAACT	ACCCCGACATA	ACAACGGAGTG	AATGGCAGAAT	420
AGCACGGGCT	TTAGGGCCAA	TCAGACATTA	CTTAGAAAAA	TTCCTACTAC	ATGGTTTATG	480
TAAACTTGAA	GATGAATCAT	TCCGAACTCC	CCGAAAAGGG	CTCAGACAAT	CCCATGATA	540
AAGAGGGGGC	CTGTAATTG	AGGTTTCAGA	ACCCCGACTG	AAGGGGTCA	GCAGCCCCGT	600
ACGGCGGAAA	CTCACAGCTT	TCGCCCCACGG	AGAGGACAAA	GGTCTGGGAC	ACACTCCAAC	660
TGGCTCCGGA	TCTTGGCTGG	ATCGGACTCT	CAGGGTGGAG	GAGACACAAG	CACAGCGACT	720
GCCCAGCGTG	TGCCCCAGCCC	TCCCACCGCT	GGTCCCCGGCT	GCCAGGAGGC	TGGCCGCTGG	780
CGGGAAGGGG	CCGGGAAACC	TCAGAGCCCC	CGGGAGACAG	CAGCCGCTT	GTTCCCTCAGC	840
CCGGTGGCTT	TTTTTCCCC	TGCTCTCCCA	GGGGACAGAC	ACCACCGCCC	CACCCCTCAC	900
CCCCCACCTC	CCTGGGGGAT	CTTTTCCCC	CCAGCCCTGA	AAGCGTTAAT	CCTGGAGCTT	960
TCTGCACACC	CCCCGACCCG	TCCCCCCCCTAA	GGTCTCTAAA	AAAGAAAGGT	GCAAAGTTG	1020
CTCCAGGATA	AAAAAATCAC	TGATCAAAGG	CAGGGGATAC	TTCTCTGGC	CGGGACGGTA	1080
TATATAACGT	GATGACCCCA	CGGGCTGCCG	AGACCCACCG	GAGCCGCTCCG	CCAGCCGCCG	1140

55

CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CA ATG AAC AAG TTC CTG TGC TGC 1193

5 Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys
-20 -15

10 GCG CTC GTG GTAAGTCCCT GGGCCAGCCG ACGGGTCCCC CGCGCCTGGG 1242
Ala Leu Val

15 GAGGCTGCTG CCACCTGGTC TCCCAACCTC CCAGCCGACC GGCGGGGAGA AGGCTCCACT 1302
CGCTCCCTCC CAGG 1316

Sequence number: 20

Length of sequence: 9898

25 Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: double

Topology: linear

Molecular type: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-2)

35 Sequence:

GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT 60

ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCCCTTC 120

TCCTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG TTT 171

Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe

45 -10 -5 1

CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG TTG 219

50 Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu

5 10 15

5	TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA GCA	267	
	Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala		
20	25	30	35
10	AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA GAC	315	
	Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp		
15	40	45	50
20	AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC ACC CCC GTG TGC AAG	363	
	Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys		
	55	60	65
25	GAG CTC CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC GTG	411	
	Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val		
30	70	75	80
35	TCC GAA TCC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG AAA	459	
	Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys		
	85	90	95
40	CAT AGG AGC TGC CCT CCT GGA TTT GGA GTG GTG CAA GCT G GTACGTGTCA	509	
45	His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala		
	100	105	110
50	ATGTGCAGCA AAATTAATTA GGATCATGCA AAGTCAGATA GTTGTGACAG TTTAGGAGAA	569	

CACTTTGTT CTGATGACAT TATAGGATAG CAAATTGCAA AGGTAATGAA ACCTGCCAGG 629
 5 TAGGTACTAT GTGTCGGAG TGCTTCCAAA GGACCATGTC TCAGAGGAAT ACTTGCCAC 689
 TACAGGGCAA TTTAATGACA AATCTCAAAT GCAGCAAATT ATTCTCTCAT GAGATCCATG 749
 ATGGTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TAAACAAACA AACTCAAGTT GCACTATTCA TAGTTGATCT 809
 10 ATACCTCTAT ATTTCACTTC ACCATGGACA CCTTCAAACG GCAGCACTTT TTGACAAACA 869
 TCAGAAATGT TAATTTATAC CAAGAGAGTA ATTATGCTCA TATTAATGAG ACTCTGGAGT 929
 15 GCTAACAAATA AGCAGTTATA ATTAATTATG TAAAAAAATGA GAATGGTCAG CGGAATTGCA 989
 TTTCATTATT AAAAACAAAGG CTAGTTCTTC CTTTAGCATG GGAGCTGAGT GTTTGGGAGG 1049
 GTAAGGACTA TAGCAGAACATC TCTTCAATGA GCTTATTCTT TATCTTAGAC AAAACAGATT 1109
 20 CTCAAGCCAA GAGCAACCAC TTGCCTATAA ACCAAGTGCT TTCTCTTTG CATTTCAAC 1169
 ACCATTGGTC AGGGCTCATG TGTATTGAAT CTTTAAACC AGTAACCCAC GTTTTTTTC 1229
 25 TGCCACATTT GCGAAGCTTC ACTGCAGCCT ATAACTTTTC ATAGCTTGAG AAAATTAAGA 1289
 GTATCCACTT ACTTAGATGG AAGAACTAAT CAGTATAGAT TCTGATGACT CAGTTGAAG 1349
 CAGTGTCTCT CAACTGAAGC CCTGCTGATA TTTAAGAAA TATCTGGATT CCTAGGCTGG 1409
 30 ACTCCTTTT GTGGGCAGCT GTCCCTGGCA TTGTAGAATT TTGGCAGCAC CCCTGGACTC 1469
 TAGCCACTAG ATACCAATAG CAGTCCTTCC CCCATGTGAC AGCCAAAAT GTCTTCAGAC 1529
 ACTGTCAAAT GTGCCAGGT GGCAAAATCA CTCCTGGTTG AGAACAGGGT CATCAATGCT 1589
 35 AACTATCTGT AACTATTTTA ACTCTAAAAA CTTGTGATAT ACAAAAGTCTA AATTATTAGA 1649
 CGACCAATAC TTTAGGTTA AAGGCATACA AATGAAACAT TCAAAAATCA AAATCTATTTC 1709
 40 TGTTTCTCAA ATAGTGAATC TTATAAAATT AATCACAGAA GATGCAAATT GCATCAGACT 1769
 CCCTTAAAT TCCTCTTGT ATGAGTATTT GAGGGAGGAA TTGGTGATAG TTCTACTTT 1829
 45 CTATTGGATG GTACTTTGAG ACTCAAAAGC TAAGCTAAGT TGTGTGTGTG TCAGGGTGG 1889
 GGGTGTGGAA TCCCCTCAGA TAAAAGCAAA TCCATGTAAT TCATTCAAGTA AGTTGTATAT 1949
 GTACAAAAAT GAAAAGTGGG CTATGCAGCT TGGAAGACTAG AGAATTITGA AAAATAATGG 2009
 50 AAATCACAAG GATCTTTCTT AAATAAGTAA GAAAATCTGT TTGTAGAATG AAGCAAGCAG 2069
 GCAGCCAGAA GACTCAGAAC AAAACTACAC ATTTTACTCT GTGTACACTG GCAGCACAGT 2129

5 GGGATTATT TACCTCTCCC TCCCTAAAAA CCCACACAGC GCTTCCTCTT GGGAAATAAG 2189
 ACCGTTCCAG CCCAAAGAGA AGGAAAGACT ATGTGGTGT ACTCTAAAAA GTATTTAATA 2249
 TACCTCATTC TGTTAATTCC TGTGGAATTAA CTTAGAGCAA GCATGGTGA TTCTCAACTG 2369
 10 TAAAGCCAAA TTTCTCCATC ATTATAATT CACATTTGC CTGGCAGGTT ATAATTTTA 2429
 TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AGGTAAAATC ATTACTTAGA TGGATAGATC TTTTCATAA 2489
 15 AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA GGGAAAGTCAT GTTCATGTT AGGAAGGTCA TTAGATAAAG 2549
 CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA CATTACTCT GTCAATTCTA GATTCTTTT CTAAATAAC 2609
 20 TTTAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AAAGAAATAT CTGACACATA TGAACCTCTC ATTAGGATGC 2669
 AGGAGAACAC CCAAGCCACA GATATGTATC TGAAGAATGA ACAAGATTCT TAGGCCCCGC 2729
 ACGGTGGCTC ACATCTGTA TCTCAAGAGT TTGAGAGGTC AAGGGGGGCA GATCACCTGA 2789
 25 GGTCAAGGAGT TCAAGACCAG CCTGGCCAAC ATGATGAAAC CCTGCCTCTA CTAAAATAC 2849
 AAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGCATGCC TCCAACCTA GCTACTCAGG AGGCTGAGAC 2909
 AGGAGAAATCT CTTGAACCCCT CGAGGCGGAG GTTGTGGTGA CCTGAGATCC CTCTACTGCA 2969
 30 CTCCAGCCTG GGTGACAGAG ATGAGACTCC GTCCCTGCCG CCCCCCCCGC CTTCCCCCCC 3029
 AAAAAGATTG TTCTTCATGC AGAACATACC GCAGTCAACA AAGGGAGACC TGGGTCCAGG 3089
 TGTCCAAGTC ACTTATTTCG AGTAAATTAG CAATGAAAGA ATGCCATGGA ATCCCTGCC 3149
 35 AAATACCTCT GCTTATGATA TTGTAGAATT TGATATAGAG TTGTATCCCA TTAAAGGAGT 3209
 AGGATGTAGT AGGAAAGTAC TAAAAACAAA CACACAAACA GAAAACCTC TTTGTTTGT 3269
 40 AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCACTGCCA TGCTGAAAT AATATTTAAT ATGTCAAGGT 3329
 TTTAGGCTGT GTTTCCCCCT CCTGTTCTT TTTCTGCCA CCCCTTGTC ATTTTGCAAG 3389
 GTCAATGAAT CATGTAGAAA GAGACAGGAG ATGAAACTAG AACCACTCCA TTTGCCCT 3449
 45 TTTTTATTT TCTGGTTTG GTAAAGATA CAATGAGGTA GGAGGTTGAC ATTTATAAAT 3509
 GAAGTTTAAT AAGTTCTGT AGCTTGTATT TTTCTTTTC ATATTGTTA TCTTGATCAA 3569
 50 GCCAGAATTG GCCTGTAAAA TCTACATATG CATATTGAAG TCTAAATCTG TTCAACTAGC 3629
 TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT TTCATATTCA GATACACTGG AATGTATGAT CTAGCCATGC 3689

5 GTAATATAGT CAAGTGTTC AAGGTATTTA TTTTTAATAG CGTCTTACTG TGTGGACTGG 3749
 TTCAAGTTT TCTGCCAATG ATTTCTCAA ATTTATCAA TATTTTCCA TCATGAAC 3809
 AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACCC TTCTGAAGT TTGAACGACT CTGCTGTTT AAACACTTTA 3869
 10 ACCAAATGGT ATATCATCTT CCGTTACTA TGTAGCTTAA CTGCAGGCTT ACGCTTTGA 3929
 GTCAGCGGCC AACTTTATTG CCACCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TAATGTGTA AATTTTACT 3989
 TCTCAAGGTT ACCATACTTA GGAGTTGCTT CACAATTAGG ATTCAGGAAA GAAAGAAC 4049
 15 CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAAT TTAATGATGC ACCATTCAAT GGCTACTAAT TTCAAAGAAT 4109
 GATATTACAG CAGACACACA GCAGTTATCT TGATTTCTA GGAATAATTG TATGAAGAAT 4169
 ATGGCTGACA ACACGGCCTT ACTGCCACTC AGCGGAGGCT GGACTAATGA ACACCCTACC 4229
 20 CTTCTTCTT TTCTCTCAC ATTTCATGAG CGTTTTGTAG GAAACGAGAA AATTGACTTC 4289
 CATTGCATT ACAAGGAGGA GAAACTGGCA AAGGGGATGA TGGTGAAGT TTTGTTCTGT 4349
 CTAATGAAGT GAAAATGAA AATGCTAGAG TTTGTGCAA CATAATAGTA GCAGTAAAAA 4409
 CCAAGTGAAA AGTCTTCCA AACTGTGTT AACAGGGCAT CTGCTGGAA ACGATTTGAG 4469
 GAGAAGGTAC TAAATTGCTT GGTATTTCC GTAG GA ACC CCA GAG CGA AAT ACA 4523

30 Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr

115

35 GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG ACG TCA TCT 4571
 Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser
 40 120 125 130 135

45 AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT GGT CTC CTG 4619
 Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu
 50 140 145 150

CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT TCC GGA AAC 4667

55

Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn

5 155 160 165

AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA G GTAATTACAT TCCAAAATAC 4715

10 Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile

170 175

15 GTCTTCTAC GATTTCTAG TATCATCTCT CTCTCTGAGT TGAACACAAG GCCTCCACCC 4775
 20 ACATTCTTGG TCAAACCTAC ATTTCCCTT TCTTGAATCT TAACCAGCTA AGGCTACTCT 4835
 CGATGCATTA CTGCTAAAGC TACCACTCAG AATCTCTCAA AAACCTCATCT TCTCACAGAT 4895
 AACACCTCAA AGCTTCATTT TCTCTCCTTT CACACTGAAA TCAAATCTTG CCCATAGGCA 4955
 25 AAGGGCAGTG TCAAGTTTGC CACTGAGATG AAATTAGGAG AGTCCAAACT GTAGAATTCA 5015
 CGTTGTGTGT TATTACTTTC ACGAATGTCT GTATTATTAA CAAAGTATA TATTGGCAAC 5075
 TAAGAAGCAA AGTGATATAA ACATGATGAC AAATTAGGCC AGCCATGGTG GCTTACTCCT 5135
 30 ATAATCCCAA CATTTCGGGG GGCCAAGGTAA GGCAGATCAC TTGAGGTCAAG GATTCAAGA 5195
 CCAGCCTGAC CAACATGGTG AAACCTTGTCT TCTACTAAAA ATACAAAAT TAGCTGGCA 5255
 TGGTAGCAGG CACTTCTAGT ACCAGCTACT CAGGCCCTGAG GCAGGAGAAT CGCTTGAACC 5315
 35 CAGGAGATGG AGGTTGCAGT GAGCTGAGAT TGTACCACTG CACTCCAGTC TGGGCAACAG 5375
 AGCAAGATTT CATCACACAC ACACACACAC ACACACACAC ACACATTAGA AATGTGTACT 5435
 40 TGGCTTCTTT ACCTATCGTA TTAGTGCATC TATTGCATGG AACTTCCAAG CTACTCTCGT 5495
 TGTGTTAACG TCTTCATTGG GTACAGGTCA CTAGTATTAA GTTCAGGTTA TTGGGATGCA 5555
 TTCCACGGTA GTGATGACAA TTCACTCAGGC TAGTGTGTGT GTTCACCTTG TCACTCCCAC 5615
 45 CACTAGACTA ATCTCAGACC TTCACTCAA GACACATTAC ACTAAAGATG ATTTGCTTT 5675
 TTGTGTTAA TCAAGCAATG GTATAAACCA GCTTGACTCT CCCCAAACAG TTTTCGTAC 5735
 TACAAAGAAC TTTATGAAGC AGAGAAATGT GAATTGATAT ATATATGAGA TTCTAACCCA 5795
 50 GTTCCAGCAT TCTTCATTG TGTAAATTGAA ATCATACACA AGCCATTITA GCCTTGCCTT 5855

55

5 TCTTATCTAA AAAAAAAA AAAAAATGA AGGAAGGGT ATTAAAAGGA GTGATCAAAT 5915
 TTTAACATTC TCTTTAATTA ATTCATTTT AATTTTACTT TTTTTCATTT ATTGTGCACT 5975
 TACTATGTGG TACTGTGCTA TAGAGGCTTT AACATTTATA AAAACACTGT GAAAGTTGCT 6035
 10 TCAGATGAAT ATAGGTAGTA GAACGGCAGA ACTAGTATTG AAAGCCAGGT CTGATGAATC 6095
 CAAAAACAAA CACCCATTAC TCCCATTTC TGGGACATAC TTACTCTACC CAGATGCTCT 6155
 GGGCTTTGTA ATGCCTATGT AAATAACATA GTTTTATGTT TGGTTATTT CCTATGTAAT 6215
 15 GTCTACTTAT ATATCTGTAT CTATCTCTG CTTGTTTCC AAACGTAAAC TATGTGTCTA 6275
 AATGTGGCA AAAATAACA CACTATCCA AATTACTGTT CAAATTCCCT TAAGTCAGTG 6335
 ATAATTATTT GTTTGACAT TAATCATGAA GTTCCCTGTC CCTACTAGGT AAACCTTTAA 6395
 20 TAGAATGTTA ATGTTTGTAT TCATTATAAG AATTGTTGGC TGTTACTTAT TTACAACAAT 6455
 ATTTCACTCT AATTAGACAT TTACTAAACT TTCTCTGAA AACAAATGCCC AAAAAAGAAC 6515
 25 ATTAGAAGAC ACGTAAGCTC AGTTGGCTC TGCCACTAAG ACCAGCCAAC AGAACGTTGA 6575
 TTTTATTCAA ACTTTGCATT TTAGCAATT TTATCTTGAA AAATTCAATT GTGTTGGTTT 6635
 TTTGTTTTTG TTGTATTGA ATAGACTCTC AGAAATCCAA TTGTTGACTA AATCTTCTGG 6695
 30 GTTTCTAAC CTTTCTTTAG AT GTT ACC CTG TGT GAG GAG GCA TTC TTC AGG 6747

Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg

180 185

35

40 TTT GCT GTT CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC TGG CTT AGT GTC TTG CTA 6795

40

Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val

190 195 200

45

GAC AAT TTG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA GAG AGG ATA 6843

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile

50

205 210 215

55

5 AAA CGG CAA CAC AGC TCA CAA GAA CAG ACT TTC CAG CTG CTG AAG TTA 6891
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu
 220 225 230 235

10 TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG ATC ATC CAA G 6940
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Ile Ile Gln
 15 240 245 250

20 GTATGATAAT CTAAAATAAA AAGATCAATC AGAAATCAAA GACACCTATT TATCATAAAC 7000
 CAGGAACAAG ACTGCATGTA TGTITAGTTG TGTGGATCTT GTTCCCTGT TGGAAATCAATT 7060
 GTTGGACTGA AAAAGTTCC ACCTGATAAT GTAGATGTGA TTCCACAAAC AGTTATACAA 7120
 25 GGTTTTGTTTC TCACCCCTGC TCCCCAGTTT CCTTGTAAAG TATGTTGAAC ACTCTAAGAG 7180
 AAGAGAAATG CATTGAAGG CAGGGCTGTA TCTCAGGGAG TCGCTTCCAG ATCCCTTAAC 7240
 GCTTCTGTAAC GCAGCCCCTC TAGACCACCA AGGAGAAGCT CTATAACCAC TTTGTATCTT 7300
 30 ACATTGCACC TCTACCAAGA AGCTCTGTTG TATTTACTTG GTAATTCTCT CCAGGTAGGC 7360
 TTTTCGTAGC TTACAAATAT GTTCTTATTA ATCCTCATGA TATGGCCTGC ATTAAAATTA 7420
 TTTTAATGGC ATATGTTATG AGAATTAATC AGATAAAATC TGAAAAGTGT TTGAGCCTCT 7480
 35 TGTAGGAAAA AGCTAGTTAC AGCAAAATGT TCTCACATCT TATAAGTTA TATAAAGATT 7540
 CTCCTTACA AATGGTGTCA CAGACAAACA GAGAGAGATA GGGAGAGAAG TGTGAAAGAA 7600
 40 TCTGAAGAAA AGGAGTTCA TCCAGTGTGG ACTGTAAGCT TTACGACACA TGATGAAAG 7660
 AGTTCTGACT TCAGTAAGCA TTGGGAGGAC ATGCTAGAAG AAAAAGGAAG AAGAGTTCC 7720
 ATAATGCAGA CAGGGTCAGT GAGAAATTCA TTCAGGTCTT CACCAAGTAGT TAAATGACTG 7780
 45 TATAGCTTG CACTACCCCTA AAAAACTTCA AGTATCTGAA ACCGGGGCAA CAGATTTAG 7840
 GAGACCAACG TCTTGAGAG CTGATTGCTT TTGCTTATGC AAACAGTAAA CTTTTATGTT 7900
 50 TTGAGCAAAC CAAAAGTATT CTTGAAACGT ATAATTAGCC CTGAAGCCGA AAGAAAAGAG 7960
 AAAATCAGAG ACCGTTAGAA TTGGAAGCAA CCAAATTCCC TATTTATCAA ATGAGGACAT 8020

5 TTTAACCCAG AAAGATGAAC CGATTTGGCT TAGGGCTCAC AGATACTAAG TGACTCATGT 8080
 CATTAATAGA AATGTTAGTT CCTCCCTCTT AGGTTTGTAC CCTAGCTTAT TACTGAAATA 8140
 TTCTCTAGGC TGTGTGTCTC CTTAGTCC TCGACCTCAT GTCTTGAGT TTTCAGATAT 8200
 CCTCCTCATG GAGGTAGTCC TCTGGTGCTA TGTGTATTCT TTAAAGGCTA GTTACGGCAA 8260
 10 TTAACTTATC AACTAGGCC TACTAATGAA ACTTTGTATT ACAAAAGTAGC TAACTTGAAT 8320
 ACTTTCTTT TTTTCTGAAA TGTTATGGTG GAACTTTCTC AAACCTTTTC TTAGAAAAGT 8380
 15 GAGAGTCATG TGTCTTATT TCTACTGTTA ATTTCAAAA TTAGGAGCTT CTTCCAAACT 8440
 TTTGTTGGAT GCCAAAAATA TATAGCATAT TATCTTATTA TAACAAAAAA TATTTATCTC 8500
 AGTTCTTAGA AATAAAATGGT GTCACCTAAC TCCCTCTCAA AACAAAAGT TATCATTGAA 8560
 20 ATATAATTAT GAAATTCTGC AAGAACCTT TGCCTCACCG TTGTTTTATG ATGCCATTGG 8620
 ATGAATATAA ATGATGTGAA CACTTATCTG GGCTTTGCT TTATGCAG AT ATT GAC 8676

25 Asp Ile Asp

30 CTC TGT GAA AAC ACC GTG CAG CGG CAC ATT GGA CAT GCT AAC CTC ACC 8724
 Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr
 255 260 265 270

35 TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA AAG AAA GTG 8772
 Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val
 40 275 280 285

45 GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG GCA TGC AAA CCC AGT GAC 8820
 Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp
 290 295 300

50 CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT GGC GAC CAA 8868

55

Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln

5 305 310 315

GAC ACC TTG AAG GGC CTA ATG CAC GCA CTA AAG CAC TCA AAG ACG TAC 8916

10 Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr

320 325 330

15

CAC TTT CCC AAA ACT GTC ACT CAG AGT CTA AAG AAG ACC ATC AGG TTC 8964

His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe

20 335 340 345 350

25 CTT CAC ACC TTC ACA ATG TAC AAA TTG TAT CAG AAG TTA TTT TTA GAA 9012

Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu

355 360 365

30

ATG ATA GGT AAC CAG GTC CAA TCA GTC AAA ATA ACC TGC TTA 9054

Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu

35 370 375 380

40 TAACTGGAAA TGGCCATTCA GCTGTTCTT CACAATTGGC GAGATCCCCTT GGATGACTAA 9114

ACTGTTCTC AGGCACCTGA GGCTTTCACT GATATCTTTC TCATTACCAAG TGACTAATTT 9174

TGCCACAGGG TACTAAAAGA AACTATGATG TGGAGAAAGG ACTAACATCT CCTCCAATAA 9234

ACCCCAAATG GTTAATCCAA CTGTCAGATC TGGATCGTTA TCTACTGACT ATATTTTCCC 9294

TTATTACTGC TTGCAGTAAT TCAACTGGAA ATTAAAAAAA AAAAAGTAGA CTCCACTGGG 9354

50 CCTTACTAAA TATGGGAATG TCTAACTTAA ATAGCTTTGG GATTCCAGCT ATGCTAGAGG 9414

CTTTTATTAG AAAGCCATAT TTTTTCTGT AAAAGTTACT AATATATCTG TAACACTATT 9474

55

5 ACAGTATTGC TATTTATATT CATTAGAGATA TAAGATTTGG ACATATTATC ATCCTATAAA 9534
 GAAACGGTAT GACTTAATT TAGAAAGAAA ATTATATTCT GTTTATTATG ACAAATGAAA 9594
 GAGAAAATAT ATATTTTAA TGGAAACTTT GTAGCATTT TCTAATAGGT ACTGCCATAT 9654
 TTTCTGTGT GGAGTATT TATAATTATA TCTGTATAAG CTGTAATATC ATTTTATAGA 9714
 10 AAATGCATTA TTTAGTCAT TGTTTAATGT TGAAAACAT ATGAAATATA AATTATCTGA 9774
 ATATTAGATG CTCTGAGAAA TTGAATGTAC CTTATTTAAA AGATTTATG GTTTATAAC 9834
 TATATAAAATG ACATTATTAA AGTTTCAAA TTATTTTTA TTGCTTCCTC TGTGCTTT 9894
 15 ATTT 9898

Sequence number: 3

20 Length of sequence: 401

Sequence Type: amino acid

Strandedness: single stranded

25 Topology: linear

Molecular type: protein

30

Sequence:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
 35 -20 -15 -10

Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
 40 -5 1 5

Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
 45 10 15 20

Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
 50 25 30 35

Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
 55 40 45 50

55

Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile
 5 250 255 260
 Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu
 10 265 270 275
 Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
 15 280 285 290
 Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser
 295 300 305
 20 Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu
 310 315 320
 Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr
 25 325 330 335
 Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe
 30 340 345 350
 Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly
 35 355 360 365
 Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu
 40 370 375 380

Sequence number: 4

45 Length of sequence: 1206

Sequence Type: nucleic acid

Strandedness: single stranded

50 Topology: linear

Molecular type: cDNA

Sequence:

5	ATGAAACAAC TGCCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
	CAGGAAACGT TTCCCTCCAAA CTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
10	TGTGACAAAT GTCCCTCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
	GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAAG TGACCGACTGT	240
15	CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA ACCAGGACTG CAATCGCACC	300
	CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
20	CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	420
	GTTGCCAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA ACCACCCCTGT	480
25	AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTGGT CTCCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
	CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
30	CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACCCC TAACTGGCTT	660
	AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTG GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
35	AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACCA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
	AACAAAGACC AAGATATACT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
40	GTCCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATCGAA	900
	AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCAATGCAA	960
45	CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCACT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC	1020
	ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CCCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCCAAACT	1080
	GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG	1140
	TATCAGAACT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC	1200
	TTATAA	1206

50

55

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME: SNOW BRAND MILK PRODUCTS CO., LTD.
- (B) STREET: 1-1, NAEBOCHO 6-CHOME
- (C) CITY: HIGASHI-KU, SAPPORO-SHI
- (D) STATE: HOKKAIDO
- (E) COUNTRY: JP
- (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): NONE

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NOVEL DNA AND PROCESS FOR PREPARING PROTEIN USING THE DNA

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 4

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

(v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

APPLICATION NUMBER: EP 97935810.8

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 235928/96
- (B) FILING DATE: 19-AUG-1996

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1316 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: genomic DNA (human OCIF genomic DNA-1)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

```

CTGGAGACAT ATAACATTGAA CACTTGGCCC TGATGGGAA GCAGCTCTGC AGGGACTTTT 60
TCAGCCATCT GTAAACAATT TCAGTGGCAA CCCGCGAAGT GTAAATCCATG AATGGGACCA 120
CACTTTACAA GTCATCAAGT CTAACCTCTA GACCAGGGAA TTAATGGGGG AGACAGCGAA 180
CCCTAGAGCA AAGTGCCAAA CTCTCTGCGA TAGCTTGAGG CTAGTGGAAA GACCTCGAGG 240
AGGCTACTCC AGAAGTTCAG CGCGTAGGAA GCTCCGATAC CAATAGCCCT TTGATGATGG 300
TGGGGTTGGT GAAGGGAACA GTGCTCCGCA AGGTTATCCC TGCCCCAGGC AGTCCAATT 360
TCACTCTGCA GATTCTCTCT GGCTCTAACT ACCCCAGATA ACAAGGAGTG AATGAGAAT 420
AGCACGGGCT TTAGGGCCAA TCAGACATTA GTTAGAAAAA TTCTCTACTAC ATGGTTTATG 480
TAAACATTGAA GATGAATGAT TCGAACTCC CCGAAAAGGG CTCAGACAAAT GCCATGCATA 540
AAGAGGGGCC CTGTAATTG AGGTTTCAGA ACCCGAAGTG AAGGGGTAG GCAGCCGGGT 600
ACGGCGGAAA CTCACAGCTT TCGCCCAGCG AGAGGACAAA GGTCTGGAC ACACCTCAAAC 660
TGGGTCCGGA TCTTGGCTGG ATCGGACTCT CAGGGTGGAG GAGACACAAG CACAGCAGCT 720
GCCAGCGTG TGCCCCAGCC TCCCCACCGCT GGTCCCCGCT GCGAGGAGGC TGGCCGCTGG 780
CGGGAAGGGG CCGGGAAACC TCAGAGCCCC GCGGAGACAG CAGCCGCTT GTTCTCTAGC 840
CCGGTGGCTT TTTTTTCCCA TGCTCTCCCA GGGGACAGAC ACCACCCCCC CACCCCTCAC 900
GCCCCACCTC CCTGGGGGAT CCTTTCCGCC CCAGCCCTGA AAGCGTTAAT CCTGGAGCTT 960
TCTGCACACC CCCCAGCCGC TCCCGCCCAA GCTTCCTAAA AAAGAAAGGT GCAAAGTTTG 1020
GTCCAGGATA GAAAAATGAC TGATCAAAGG CAGGCGATAC TTCTCTGCG CGGGACGCTA 1080
TATATAACGT GATGAGCGCA CGGGCTGCGG AGACGCACCG GAGCGCTCGC CCAGCCGCC 1140
CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CA ATG AAC AAG TTG CTG TGC TGC 1193
Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys

```

-20 -15

GCG CTC GTG GTAAGTCCCT GGGCCAGCCG ACGGGTGCCG GGCGCCTGGG

1242

5	CACTGTTTCT CAACTGAAGC CCTGCTGATA TTTTAAGAAA TATCTGGATT CCTAGGCTGG 1409 ACTCCTTTT GTGGGCAGCT GTCTGCGCA TTGTAGAATT TTGGCAGCAC CCCTGGACTC 1469 TAGCCACTAG ATACCAATAG CAGTCCTTCC CCCATGTGAC AGCCAAAAAT GTCTTCAGAC 1529 ACTGTCAAAT GTCGCCAGGT GCAAAATCA CTCCCTGGTT AGAACAGGGT CATCAATGCT 1589 AAGTATCTGT AACTATTTA ACTCTCAAA CTTGTGATAT ACAAAAGTCTA AATTATTTAGA 1649 CGACCAATAC TTTAGGTTA AAGGCATACA AATGAAACAT TCAAAATCA AAATCTATT 1709 TGTTTCTCAA ATAGTGAATC TTATAAAATT AATCACAGAA GATGCAAATT GCATCAGAGT 1769 CCCTTAAAT TCCTCTTCGT ATGAGTATTG GAGGGAGGAA TTGGTGTATAG TTCTACTTT 1829 CTATTGGATG GTACTTTGAG ACTCAAAGC TAAGCTAAGT TGTGTGTGTG TCAGGGTGC 1889 GGGTGTGGAA TCCCCATCAGA TAAAGCAGA CTTATGTAAT TCATTCTAGA AGTTGTATAT 1949 GTAGAAAAAT GAAAAGTGGG CTATCAGCT TGGAAACTAG AGAATTGAA AAAATAATGG 2009 AAATCACAAAG GATCTTTCTT AAATAAGTAA GAAAATCTGT TTGTAGAATG ARGCAAGCAG 2069 GCAGCCAGAA GACTCAGAAC AAAAGTACAC ATTTTACTCT GTGTACACTG GCAGCAGCT 2129 GGGATTTATT TACCTCTCCC TCCCTAAAGA CCCACACAGC GGTTCTCTT GGGAAATAAG 2189 AGGTTTCCAG CCCAAAGAGA AGGAAGAGCT ATGTTGTTT ACTCTAAAAA GTATTTAATA 2249 ACCGTGTGTTG TGTGTTTGA AATCAGATTG TCTCTCTCC ATATTTTATT 2309 TACTTCATTC TGTTAATTCC CTTAGAGCAA GCATGGTGA TTCTCAACTG 2369 TAAAGCCAAAT TTTCTCCATC ATTATAATT CACATTGTC CTGGCAGGTT ATAATTTTTA 2429 TATTTCCACT GATAGTAATA AGGTAATAAGC ATTACTTAGA TGGATAGATC TTTTCATAA 2489 AAAGTACCAT CAGTTATAGA GGGAACTCAT GTTCATGTC AGGAAGTCA TTAGATAAG 2549 CTTCTGAATA TATTATGAAA CATTAGTCTG GTCTCTCTTA GATTCTTTT GTTAATAAC 2609 TTTAAAGCT AACTTACCTA AAAGAAATAT CTGACACATA TGAACCTCTC ATTAGGATGC 2669 AGGAGAACAG CCAAGCCACA GATATGTATC TGAAGAATGA ACAAGATTCT TAGGCCCGC 2729 ACGGTGGCTC ACATCTGTAA TCTCAAGAGT TTGAGAGGTC AAGGGGGCA GATCACCTGA 2789 GTCAGGAGT TCAAGACCAAG CCTGGCCAAAC ATGATGAAAC CCTGCTCTA CTAAAATAC 2849 AAAAATTAGC AGGGCATGGT GGTGATGCT TGCAACCTA GCTACTCAGG AGCTGAGAC 2909 AGGAGAATCT CTTGAACCCCT CGAGGCGAG GTTGTTGTTG GCTGAGATCC CTCTACTGCA 2969 CTCCAGGCTG GGTGACAGAG ATGAGACTCC GTCCCTGCCG CGGCCCGCCG CTTCCTCCCC 3029 AAAAAGATTG TTCTTCATGC AGAACATAAGC GCAGTCAACA AAGGGAGACC TGGGTCCAGG 3089 25 TGCCAAGTC ACTTATTCG AGTAAATTAG CAATGAAAGA ATGCACTGGA ATCCCTGCC 3149 AAATACCTCT GCTTATGATA TTGTAGAATT TGATATAGAG TTGTATCCC TTAAAGGAGT 3209 AGGATGTAGT AGGAAAGTAC TAAAGAACAC CACACAAACA GAAAACCTC TTGCTTTGT 3269 AAGGTGGTTC CTAAGATAAT GTCAGTGCCTA TGCTGAAAT AATATTTAAT ATGTGAAGGT 3329 TTTAGGCTGT GTTTCTCCCT CCTGTTCTTT TTTCTGCCA GCCCTTGTGTC ATTCTTGTGAG 3389 GTCAATGAAT CATGTAGAAA GAGACAGGAG ATGAAACTAG AACCAGTCA TTTTCCCCCT 3449 TTTTTTATTT TCTGGTTTG GTAAAGATA CAATGAGGTA GGAGGGTTGAG ATTATATAAT 3509 GAAGTTTAAT AAGTTTCTGT AGCTTTGATT TTCTCTCTC ATTATTTGTT TCTTGATATA 3569 GCCAGAATTG GCCTGTAAAATCTACATATG GATATTGAAG TCTAAATCTG TCAACTAGC 3629 TTACACTAGA TGGAGATATT TTCATATTCA GATACACTGG AATGTATGAT CTAGCCATGC 3689 GTAATATAGT CAAAGTGTGG AAGGTATTG TTTTTAATAG CGTCTTTAGT TGTGGACTGG 3749 30 TTCAGTTTT TCTGCAATG ATTTCTCCTAA ATTATCAAAT TATTCTTCCA TCATGAAGTA 3809 AAATGCCCTT GCAGTCACCC TCCCTGAAGT TTGAAAGACT CTGCTGTTT AAAACAGTTA 3869 AGCAATGGT ATATCATCTT CCGTTTACTA TGAGCTAA CTGCAAGGCTT ACGCTTTGA 3929 GTCAGCGGCC AACTTTATTG CCACCTTCAA AAGTTTATTA TAATGTTGTA AATTTTTACT 3989 TCTCAAGGTT AGCATACTTA GGAGTTGCTT CACAATTAGG ATTCAAGGAA GAAGAACCT 4049 CAGTAGGAAC TGATTGGAA TTAATGATGC AGCATCAAT GGGTACTAAT TTCAAAGAAT 4109 GATATTACAG CAGACACACA GCAGTTACTC TGATTCTCA GGAATTAATG TATGAAGAAT 4169 40 ATGGCTGACA ACACGGCCCT ACTGCCACTC AGGGAGGGT GGACTAATGA ACACCCCTACC 4229 CTTCTTCTCCT TTCTCTCAC ATTTCATGAG CGTTTGTAG GTAAAGGAA AATTGACTTG 4289 CATTGCAATT ACAAGGAGGA GAAACTGGCA AAGGGATGA TGGTGGAAAGT TTGTTCTGT 4349 CTAATGAAGT GAAAATGAA AATGCTAGAG TTTTGTGCAA CATAATAGTA GCAGTAAAAA 4409 CCAAGTAAA AGTCTTTCCA AAACGTGTT AAGAGGGCAT CTGCTGGAA ACGGATTGAG 4469 GAGAAGGTAC TAAATTGCTT GGTATTTCCT GTAG GA ACC CCA GAG CGA AAT ACA 4523
---	--

Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr

115

45	GTT TGC AAA AGA TGT CCA GAT GGG TTC TTC TCA AAT GAG ACG TCA TCT 4571 Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser 120 125 130 135
50	AAA GCA CCC TGT AGA AAA CAC ACA AAT TGC AGT GTC TTT GGT CTC CTG 4619 Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu 140 145 150
	CTA ACT CAG AAA GGA AAT GCA ACA CAC GAC AAC ATA TGT TCC GGA AAC 4667

Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn
 155 160 165

5 AGT GAA TCA ACT CAA AAA TGT GGA ATA G GTAATTACAT TCCAAAATAC 4715
 Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile
 170 175

10 GTCTTTGTAC GATTTTGATC TATCATCTCT CTCTCTGAGT TGAACACAAG GCCTCCAGCC 4775
 ACATTCCTGG TCAAACCTAC ATTTTCCCTT TCTTGAATCT TAACCAAGCTA AGGCTACTCT 4835
 CGATGCATTA CTGCTAAAGC TACCAACTCG AATCTCTAA AAACATCATCT TCTCACAGAT 4895
 AACACCTCAA AGCCTGATTT TCTCTCTTT CACACTGAAA TCAAATCTG CCCATAGGCA 4955
 AAGGGCAGTG TCAAGTTGCA CACTGAGATG AAATTAGGAG AGTCCAAACT GTAGAATTCA 5015
 CGTTGTGTGT TATTACTTTC ACGAATGTCT GTATTATTAA CTTAAAGTATA TATTGGCAAC 5075
 TAAGAAGGAA AGTGTATATA ACATGATGAC AAATTAGGCC AGGCATGGTG GCTTACTCCT 5135
 ATAATCCCAA CATTGGGG GGCAGAGGTA GGCAGATCAC TTGAGGTCAAG GATTTCAAGA 5195
 CCAGCCTGAC CAAACATGGT AAAACCTTGT TCTACTAAAT ATACAAAAT TAGCTGGCA 5255
 15 TGGTAGCAGG CACTTCTAGT ACCAGCTACT CAGGGCTGAG GCAGGAGAAT CGCTTGAACC 5315
 CAGGAGATGG AGGTTGCACT GAGCTGAGAT TGTAACACTG CACTCCAGTC TGGGCAACAG 5375
 AGCAAGATTT CATCACACAC ACACACACAC ACACACACAC ACACATTTAGA AATGTGACT 5435
 TGGCTTTGTT ACCTATGTTA TTAGTGTCACT TATTGATGG AACATCTCAAG CTACTCTGGT 5495
 TGTGTTAACG TCTTCATGG GTACAGGTCA CTAGTATTAA GTTCAGGTTA TTCCGATGCA 5555
 TTCCACGGTA GTGATGACAA TTCATCAGGC TAGTGTGTGT GTTCACCTTG TCACTCCAC 5615
 20 CACTAGACTA ATCTCAGACCC TTCACTCAAA GACACATTAC ACTAAAGATG ATTTGCTTTT 5675
 TTGTGTTAA TCAAGCAGT GTATAACCA GCTGACTCTC CCCCAAAACAG TTTTCGTCAC 5735
 TACAAAGAAG TTTATGAAAG AGAGAAATGT GAATTGATAT ATATATGAGA TTCTAACCA 5795
 GTTCCAGCAT TGTTCATG TGTAATTGAA ATCATAGACA ACCCATTGTTA GCTCTTGCTT 5855
 TCTTATCTAA AAAAAAAA AAAAAAATGA AGGAAGGGGT ATTAAAAGGA GTGATCAAAT 5915
 TTTAACATTC TCTTTAATTA ATTCAATTAA TATTTTACTT TTTTCATTTT ATTGTGCACT 5975
 TACTATGTTG TACTGTGCTA TAGAGGCTTT AACATTTATA AAAACACTGT GAAAGTTGCT 6035
 25 TCAGATGAAT ATAGGTAGTA GAACGGCAGA ACTAGCTTAC AAAGCCAGGT CTGATGAACT 6095
 CAAAAACAAA CACCCATTAC TCCCATTTTC TGGGACATAC TTACTCTACC CAGATGCTCT 6155
 GGGCTTTGTA ATGCCTATGT AAATAACATA GTTTTATGTT TGTTTATTTT CCTATGTAAT 6215
 GTCTACTTAT ATATCTGTAT CTATCTCTTG CTTTGTCTTC AAGGTTAAC TATGTGCTCA 6275
 AATGTGGCA AAAAAAAACA CACTATCCA AATTAACATTTT AAACATCTTT TAAGTCAGTG 6335
 ATAATTATGTTT GTTTGACAT TAATCATGAA GTTCCCTGTG GGTACTAGGT AAACCTTTAA 6395
 TAGAATGTTA ATGTTGTTAT TCATTTAAAG AATTGTTGGC TGTTACTTTT TTACAACAA 6455
 30 ATTCACTCT AATTAGACAT TTACTAAACT TTCTCTGAA ACAATGCC AAAAAAGAAC 6515
 ATTAGAAGAC ACCTAAAGCTC AGTTGGCTC TGCCACTAAG ACCAGGCCAAC AGAAGCTTGA 6575
 TTTTATTCAA ACTTTGCAATT TTAGCATATT TTATCTTGGAA AAATTCAATT GTGTTGGTTT 6635
 TTGTTTTTG TTTGATTGA ATAGACTCTC AGAAATCCAAT TTGTTGAGTA AATCTCTGG 6695
 TTTTCTAAC CTTCTTTAG AT GTT ACC CTG TGT GAG GAG GCA TTC TTC AGG 6747

35 Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg
 180 185

40 TTT GCT GTT CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC TGG CTT AGT GTC TTG GTA 6795
 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val
 190 195 200

45 GAC AAT TTG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA GAG AGG ATA 6843
 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
 205 210 215

45 AAA CGG CAA CAC AGC TCA CAA GAA CAG ACT TTC CAG CTG CTG AAG TTA 6891
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu
 220 225 230 235

45 TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG ATC ATC CAA G 6940
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln
 240 245 250

50 GTATGATAAT CTAAAAATAAA AAGATCAATC AGAAAATCAA GACACCTATT TATCATAAAC 7000
 CAGGAACAAAG ACTGCATGTA TGTGTTAGTTG TGTGGATCTT GTTTCCCTGT TGGAAATCATT 7060
 GTTGGACTGA AAAAGTTTCC ACCTGATAAT GTAGATGTGA TTCCACAAAC AGTTATACAA 7120
 GGTTTTGTTGTC TCACCCCTGC TCCCCAGTTT CCTTGTAAAG TATGTTGAAC ACTCTAAAGAG 7180
 AAGAGAAATG CATTGAAAGG CAGGGCTGTA TCTCAGGGAG TCGCTTCCAG ATCCCTTAAC 7240

5 GCTTCTGTAA GCAGCCCCCTC TAGACCACCA AGGAGAAAGCT CTATAACCAC TTTGTATCTT 7300
 ACATTGCACC TCTACCAAGA AGCTCTGTTG TATTTACTTG GTAATTCTCT CCAGGTAGGC 7360
 TTTCTGAGC TTACAATAT GTTCTTATTA ATCCTCATGA TATGGCCTGC ATTAAAATTA 7420
 TTTTAATGGC ATATGTTATG AGAATTAATG AGATAAAATC TGAAAAGTGT TTGAGCCTCT 7480
 TGAGGAAAAA AGCTAGTTAC AGCAAAATGT TCTCACATCT TATAAGTTA TATAAGATT 7540
 CTCCCTTATAGA AATGGTGTGA GAGAGAACCA GAGAGAGATA GGGAGAGAAG TGTAAAAGAA 7600
 TCTGAAGAAA AGGAGTTTCA TCCAGTGTGG ACTGTAAGCT TTACGACACA TGATGGAAAG 7660
 AGTTCTGACT TCAGTAAGCA TTGGGAGGAC ATGCTAGAAG AAAAGGAAG AAGAGTTCC 7720
 ATAATGCAGA CAGGGTCAGT GAGAAATTCA TTCAGGTCTC CACCAAGTAGT TAAATGACTG 7780
 TATAGCTTCTG CACTACCCCTA AAAAACTTC AGTATCTGAA ACCGGGGCAA CAGATTTAG 7840
 GAGACCAACG TCTTGTGAGC CTGATTGCTT TTGCTTATGC AAAGAGTAA CTTTTATGTT 7900
 TTGAGCAAC CAAAGATT CTTTGAACGT AAATAAGCC CTGAAGCCGA AAGAAAAGAG 7960
 AAAATCAGAG ACCGTTAGAA TTGGAAGCAA CCAAATTCCC TATTTTATAA ATGAGGACAT 8020
 TTTAACCCAG AAGATGAAC CGATTTGGCT TAGGGCTCAC AGATACTAAG TGACTCATGT 8080
 CTTAAATAGA AATGTTAGT CTCCTCTT 8140
 TTCTCTAGGC TGTGTGCTC CTTAGTTC TCGACCTCATC GTCTTGAGT TTTCAGATAT 8200
 CCTCCTCATG GAGGTAGTCC TCTGGTGTCA TGTGTATTCT TTAAAGGCTA GTTACGGCAA 8260
 TTAACATTATC AACTAGGCC TACTAATGAA ACTTTGTATT ACAAGTAGC TAACTTGAAT 8320
 ACTTCCCTT TTTTCTGAAA TGTTATGGTG GTAATTCTC AAACCTTTTC TTAGAAAAGT 8380
 GAGAGTGTG TGTCCTTATTCT CTCAGTGTAA ATTTTCAAA TTAGGAGCTT CTTCCAAAGT 8440
 TTGTTGGAT GCCAAAATA TATAGCATAT TATCTTATAA TAACAAAAAA TATTTATCTC 8500
 AGTTCTTAGA AATAATGGT GTCACTTAAC TCCCTCTCAA AAGAAAAGGT TATCATTGAA 8560
 ATATAATTAT GAAATTCTGC AAGAACCTT TGCCCTCACGC TTGTTTTATG ATGGCATTGG 8620
 ATGAATATAA ATGATGTGAA CACTTATCTG GGCTTTGCT TTATGCGAT ATT GAC 8676
 Asp Ile Asp

20 CTC TGT GAA AAC AGC GTG CAG CGG CAC ATT GGA CAT GCT AAC CTC ACC 8724
 Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr
 255 260 265 270

25 TTC GAG CAG CTT CGT AGC TTG ATG GAA AGC TTA CCG GGA AAG AAA GTG 8772
 Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val
 275 280 285

30 GGA GCA GAA GAC ATT GAA AAA ACA ATA AAG GCA TGC AAA CCC AGT GAC 8820
 Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp
 290 295 300

35 CAG ATC CTG AAG CTG CTC AGT TTG TGG CGA ATA AAA AAT GGC GAC CAA 8868
 Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln
 305 310 315

40 GAC ACC TTG AAG GGC CTA ATG CAC GCA CTA AAG CAC TCA AAG ACG TAC 8916
 Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr
 320 325 330

45 CAC TTT CCC AAA ACT GTC ACT CAG AGT CTA AAG AAG ACC ATC AGG TTC 8964
 His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe
 335 340 345 350

50 CTT CAC AGC TTC ACA ATG TAC AAA TTG TAT CAG AAG TTA TTT TTA GAA 9012
 Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu
 355 360 365

45 ATG ATA GGT AAC CAG GTC CAA TCA GTA AAA ATA AGC TGC TTA 9054
 Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu
 370 375 380

50 TAACGGAAA TGGCCATTGA GCTGTTCTC CACAATTGGC GAGATCCCAT GGATGAGTAA 9114
 ACTGTTCTC AGGCACTTGA GGCTTTCAGT GATATCTTC TCATTACCAAG TGACTAATT 9174
 TGCCACAGGG TACTAARAGA AACTATGATG TGAGGAAAGG ACTAACATCT CCTCCAATAA 9234
 ACCCCAAATG GTTAATCCAA CTGTCAGATC TGATCGTTA TCTACTGACT ATATTTCCC 9294
 TTATTACTGC TTGCAGTAAT TCAACTGGAA ATTAAAAAAA AAAAAGTAGA CTCCACTGGG 9354
 CCTTACTAAA TATGGGAATG TCTAACCTAA ATAGCTTTGG GATTCAGCT ATGCTAGAGG 9414
 CTTTTATTAG AAAGCCATAT TTTTTCTGT AAAAGTTACT AATATATCTG TAACACTATT 9474

5
 ACAGTATTGC TATTTATATT CATTAGATA TAAGATTTGG ACATATTATC ATCCTATAAA 9534
 GAAACGGTAT GACTTAATT TAGAAAGAAA ATTATATTCT GTTTATTATG ACAAAATGAAA 9594
 GAGAAAATAT ATATTTTTAA TGGAAAGTTT GTAGCATTTC TCTAATAGGT ACTGCCATAT 9654
 TTTTCTGTGT GGAGTATTTC TATAATTAA TCTGTATAAG CTGAAATATC ATTTTATAGA 9714
 AAATGCATTA TTTAGTCAT TGTAAATGT TGAAACAT ATGAAATATA AATTATCTGA 9774
 ATATTAGATG CTCTGAGAAA TTGAATGTAC CTTATTTAAA AGATTTATG GTTTTATAAC 9834
 TATATAATG ACATTATTAA AGTTTCAAA TTATTTTTA TTGCTTCTC TGTTGCTTT 9894
 ATTT 9898

10 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:
 20 Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser
 -20 -15 -10
 Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His
 -5 1 5
 Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro
 10 15 20
 Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr
 25 30 35
 25 Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His
 40 45 50
 Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu
 55 60 65
 Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys
 70 75 80
 30 Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys
 85 90 95
 His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
 100 105 110
 Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe
 115 120 125
 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr
 145 150 155
 His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys
 160 165 170
 Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala
 175 180 185
 40 Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp
 190 195 200
 Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
 205 210 215
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys
 220 225 230
 45 Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile
 235 240 245
 Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile
 250 255 260
 Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu
 265 270 275
 50 Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr
 280 285 290
 Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser
 295 300 305

	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu
5	310					315						320			
	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr
	325					330					335				
	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe
	340					345					350				
	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly
10	355					360					365				
	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu				
	370					375					380				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

25	ATGAAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC
	CAGGAAACGT	TTCCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG
	TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC
	GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAAG	TGACGAGTGT
	CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC
30	CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA
	CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCCAGA	GCGAAATACA
	GTGTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCCCTGT
	AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA
	CACGACAAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAAG	TCAACTCAA	AAATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC
35	CTGTTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGGT	GTTCCCTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAACCTGGCTT
	AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTTC	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA
	AAACGGCAAC	ACACGTCACA	AGAAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA
	AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC
	GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCTGTA	CTTGATGGAA
40	AGCTTACCCGG	GAAAGAAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA
	CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTTGGCAA	TTAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC
	ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCCAAACT
	GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCCTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG
	TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTGTAGA	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC
	TTATAA					1206

Claims

50 1. A DNA comprising the nucleotide sequences of the Sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table.

2. The DNA according to claim 1, wherein the Sequence ID No. 1 includes the first exon of the OCIF gene and the Sequence ID No. 2 includes the second, third, fourth, and fifth exons.

55 3. A protein exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts and having the following physicochemical characteristics,

(a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):

- (i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,
- (ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

5 (b) amino acid sequence:
includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 in the Sequence Table,

(c) affinity:
exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

(d) heat stability:

10 (i) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,
(ii) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes.

15 4. A process for producing a protein exhibiting an activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts and having the following physicochemical characteristics,

- (a) molecular weight (SDS-PAGE):
 - (i) Under reducing conditions: about 60 kD,
 - (ii) Under non-reducing conditions: about 60 kD and about 120 kD;

20 (b) amino acid sequence:
includes an amino acid sequence of the Sequence ID No. 3 of the Sequence Table,

(c) affinity:
exhibits affinity to a cation exchanger and heparin, and

25 (d) heat stability:

- (i) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is reduced when treated with heat at 70°C for 10 minutes or at 56°C for 30 minutes,
(ii) the osteoclastogenesis-inhibitory activity is lost when treated with heat at 90°C for 10 minutes,

30 the process comprising inserting a DNA including the nucleotide sequences of the sequences No. 1 and No. 2 in the Sequence Table into an expression vector, producing a vector capable of expressing a protein having the above-mentioned physicochemical characteristics and exhibiting the activity of inhibiting differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts, and producing this protein by a genetic engineering technique.

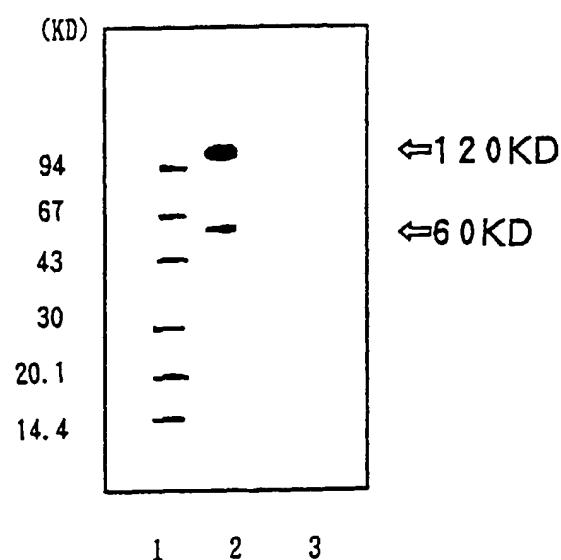
40

45

50

55

Figure 1



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT		International application No. PCT/JP97/02859
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER Int. C1 ⁶ C12N15/00, C12P21/00 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC		
B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) Int. C1 ⁶ C12N15/00, C12P21/00		
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched		
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPI, GENETYX-CDROM, BIOSIS		
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	Cancer Research, (1995), Vol. 55, Toshiyuki Yoneda, et al. "Sumarin suppresses hypercalcemia and osteoclastic bone resorption in nude mice bearing a human squamous cancer" P. 1989-1993	1 - 4
A	Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, (1990) Vol. 87 Kukita A. et al. "Osteoinductive factor inhibits formation of human osteoclast-like cells" P. 3023-3026	1 - 4
<input type="checkbox"/> Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. <input type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.		
* Special categories of cited documents: "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed		
Date of the actual completion of the international search September 29, 1997 (29. 09. 97)		Date of mailing of the international search report October 7, 1997 (07. 10. 97)
Name and mailing address of the ISA/ Japanese Patent Office Facsimile No.		Authorized officer Telephone No.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)